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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/842,000	04/26/2001	Toru Otsubo	503.39737X00	7052
20457	7590 11/23/2004		EXAMINER	
	I, TERRY, STOUT & SEVENTEENTH STRI	CROWELL, ANNA M		
SUITE 1800 ARLINGTON, VA 22209-9889			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1763	

DATE MAILED: 11/23/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)		
	09/842,000	OTSUBO, TORU		
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit		
	Michelle Crowell	1763		
The MAILING DATE of this commun Period for Reply	ication appears on the cover sheet with			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNI Extensions of time may be available under the provisions after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this comm If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (3) If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum states to reply within the set or extended period for reply Any reply received by the Office later than three months a earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ICATION. of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a repunication. 0) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty attutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTI	(30) days will be considered timely. HS from the mailing date of this communication.		
Status				
1) Responsive to communication(s) file	ed on 27 August 2004			
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is				
closed in accordance with the practic	ce under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D.	11, 453 O.G. 213.		
Disposition of Claims				
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-3,7 and 8</u> is/are pending i	n the application			
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/ar				
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.	e withdrawn from consideration.			
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-3,7 and 8</u> is/are rejected.				
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.				
8) Claim(s) are subject to restrict	tion and/or of ation or or improved			
	ion and/or election requirement.	**		
Application Papers		•		
9) The specification is objected to by the				
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are:	a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by	the Examiner.		
	tion to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including	the correction is required if the drawing(s)	is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).		
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to	by the Examiner. Note the attached C	Office Action or form PTO-152.		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119				
	documents have been received. documents have been received in App	lication No		
	f the priority documents have been re	ceived in this National Stage		
application from the Internation				
* See the attached detailed Office action	for a list of the certified copies not rec	ceived.		
Attachment(s)				
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🗖 Janes i 0			
2) Dotice of Preferences Cited (P10-692) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PT	4) Interview Sum O-948) Paper No(s)/M	mary (PTO-413) fail Date		
Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or P Paper No(s)/Mail Date		mal Patent Application (PTO-152)		

1. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

2. Claim 2 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 2 is unclear because it recites the recitation of "a magnetic field formed by **coils**"; however, the specification supports the magnetic field being formed by "a coil" (pg. 21, lines 1-4). Thus, the use of multiple coils to generate a magnetic field is unclear.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 1-2, 7, and 8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Otsubo et al. (Japanese Patent Publication 11-260596) in view of Sato et al. (U.S. 5,907,221).

Referring to Drawing 1 and 16, and paragraphs [0113]-[0130], Otsubo et al. discloses a plasma processing apparatus comprising a plasma processing gas supply means, an exhaust air means [0114], plasma generating means and a first capacitively coupled discharge means; and a second electromagnetic wave radiation plasma generation means; wherein the first capacitively

coupled discharge means includes an opposed electrode consisting of a plurality of mutually isolated conductors (counterelectrodes 71a 71b 71c) [0115] oppositely disposed with respect to a stage electrode 52 and a means to supply high-frequency power 81 and 82 to the opposed electrode, the first capacitively coupled discharge means being arranged so that a capacitively coupled plasma discharge is generated between the opposed electrode and the stage electrode [0129]; wherein electromagnetic wave radiating means comprises insulators 80a 80b 80c disposed between at least a portion a plasma chamber and the plurality of isolated conductors 71a 71b 71c, respectively, the second electromagnetic wave radiation plasma generating means being arranged so that an electromagnetic wave is radiated from at least a position between the plurality of isolated conductors which are connected to a supply of current through a capacitor 83 and the plasma process chamber forming a resonance circuit including a capacitor 83 so as to generate plasma discharge in the plasma process chamber, a resonance of the resonance circuit including a capacitor being controlled; and wherein the first capacitively coupled discharge means and the second electromagnetic wave radiation plasma generation means combine to provide plasma discharge in the plasma process chamber with enhanced plasma distribution controllability ([0130]-[0131])

Additionally, a high-frequency voltage 81 and 82, whose phase can be shifted by a capacitor 83, is supplied to the isolated conductors 71, thereby generating electromagnetic waves. The power of electromagnetic waves radiates through the insulators and isolated conductors. A resonant circuit is formed via the insulators 80 and the capacitor 83. The signal generator 97 controls the phase of the high-frequency signal [0130]. Alternately, the electromagnetic waves can be generated by antenna 11 [0041].

Art Unit: 1763

Specifically, the distribution of the plasma density can be controlled by controlling the radiated electromagnetic waves based on the adjustment of the phase of the high-frequency voltage supplied to the isolated conductors 71. Moreover, the distribution of the plasma density due to capacitive coupled plasma can be controlled by controlling the outputs of the high frequency power supplies 81 and 82 [0131].

Regarding claim 2, Otsubo et al. discloses a magnetic field formed by a coil 58 ([0121] and [0131])

Regarding claims 7 and 8, a means to supply RF current (bias power supply 56) to a substrate 55 [0122].

Regarding claim 8, multiple RF current conducting means (counterelectrodes 71a 71b 71c) are installed at a position opposite to a position where the substrate 55 to be processed is mounted. The multiple RF current conducting means are provided with a means (filters) to control a ratio of RF current flowing from the substrate to be processed to each of the RF current conducting means. Moreover, each isolated conductor 71a 71b 71c is grounded through low pass filters (not shown), and a high-frequency current from a bias power supply 56 is allowed to flow through each of the isolated conductors 71a 71b 71c [0116]. Thus, the filter controls the ratio of RF current flowing from the substrate to each of the isolated conductors 71a 71b 71c.

Otsubo et al. fails to teach supplying a high-frequency power to the electrode through a matching box.

Referring to Figures 6 and 7 and column 4, lines 5-37, Sato et al. teaches a plasma processing apparatus wherein high-frequency power 170 is supplied to the electrode 150'a

Art Unit: 1763

through a matching box 165a. It is well known in the art to use a matching box between the electrode and the power supply in order to provide efficient power transfer between the power supply and the electrode. Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to provide the a matching box between the electrode and high-frequency power supply means of Otsubo et al. as taught by Sato et al. since this would yield efficient power transfer between the power supply and the electrode.

5. Claim 3 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Otsubo et al. (Japanese Patent Publication 11-260596) in view of Sato et al. (U.S. 5,907,221) as applied to claims 1, 2, 7, and 8 above, and further in view of Tobe et al. (U.S. 5,891,349).

The teachings of Otsubo et al. in view of Sato et al. have been discussed above.

Otsubo et al. in view of Sato et al. fails to teach a means to store and a distribution controller to control plasma distribution.

Referring to Figures 1 and 8, column 10, lines 6-57, and column 14, lines 17-30, Tobe et al. discloses a plasma processing apparatus having a distribution controller 105 (variable capacitor controller) which includes a CPU. The distribution controller 105 (variable capacitor controller) controls the radiated electromagnetic wave power through the variable capacitor 81a. Variable capacitors are used to control the electrode's potential. The controller is used to more precisely control the inputs/outputs of the variable capacitors. Furthermore, the CPU is capable of storing a processing procedure to control distribution during plasma processing, and thus control plasma distribution according to the processing procedure stored. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to provide the apparatus of Otsubo et al. in

Art Unit: 1763

view of Sato et al. with the means to store and a distribution controller to control plasma distribution as taught by Tobe et al. since this would precisely control the potential of the electromagnetic wave radiating means, and thus control the plasma distribution.

Response to Arguments

6. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-3, 7, and 8 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

7. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Art Unit: 1763

Page 7

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michelle Crowell whose telephone number is (571) 272-1432. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (9:00 - 5:30).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Gregory Mills can be reached on (571) 272-1439. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

AMC MWC November 18, 2004

GREGORY MILLS
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CLOSEN 1700